Exam #2 Soc 433

1.(t/f) The concentration of wealth globally is so great that under one hundred individuals have more wealth than the bottom half of the world's population.

2.(t/f) The majority of the world’s population live in countries where income inequality is decreasing.

3.(t/f) According to Professor Semm, hunger is the result of power relationships that put profit over people, because if food were distributed according to need rather than profit, there would be enough food for everyone to eat 2700 calories a day.

4.(m/c) The largest demographic movement in the history of the world is ongoing, the movement of people from rural areas to urban areas. Which of the following are consequences of this?

a. creation of mega cities b. creation of a planet of slums c. increasing informal labor sector

d. a and b e. all of above

5.(m/c) All of the following countries are resource rich but with poor populations EXCEPT:

a. Mexico b. India c. Democratic Republic of the Congo

d. Indonesia e. none are exceptions

6.(t/f) Third world countries pay more in debt repayment each year than they receive in aid, thus guaranteeing they will never escape debt.

7.(t/f) According to "Neoliberalism the Story," the entire world is in the process of becoming a completely integrated system, politically, economically, socially, and culturally, a utopian capitalist global village.

8.(m/c) According to "Neoliberalism the Story," all of the following are forces driving globalization EXCEPT:

a. free market b. racism c. theory of freedom d. consumerism e. none are exceptions

9.(m/c) According to "Neoliberalism the Story", all of the following are true about the process of globalization EXCEPT:

a. it is a natural process. b. it is inevitable c. it is progressive d. TINA e. none are exceptions

10.(t/f) According to "Neoliberalism the Story," the main method for creating a global free market is through free trade agreements that eliminate trade barriers so that all countries can compete equally in the global market place.

11.(m/c) According to "Neoliberalism the Story," all of the following are barriers to free trade EXCEPT:

a. tariffs b. subsidies c. open markets d. price supports e. all of the above

12.(t/f) The reality of neoliberal globalization is that globalization is a process but one that is dominated by powerful groups whose goal is to create a globally integrated system designed to maximize profit taking by multi-national corporations.

13.(m/c) The reality of neoliberal globalization is that the capitalist utopia, or so called “global village," will be characterized by all of the following EXCEPT:

a. a system of domination and subordination b. a system of economic equality

c. a system where technology will serve the interests of the powerful

d. a system that will require strong militaries. e. none are exceptions

14.(m/c) Which of the following were goals of colonialism?

a. cheap resources b. cheap or slave labor c. open markets d. a and b e. all of above

15. (m/c) All of the following were consequences of colonialism EXCEPT:

a. genocide b. destruction of political traditions c. coercive non-industrialization

d. destruction of environments e. none are exceptions

16. (t/f) “White man’s burden” was the ideology that colonialism was a progressive force, enlightening and civilizing the backward and ignorant people of the world.

17.(m/c) Colonialism as a system broke down completely after \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. Franco-Prussian War b. Vietnam War c. WWI d. WWII e. Korean War

18.(m/c) All of the following are true about Haiti EXCEPT:

a. it was inhabited when “discovered” by Columbus.

b. the Spanish brought the wonders of the modern world to the indigenous people.

c. it was the second democracy in the “new world. d. it was the wealthiest colony in the French empire

e. none are exceptions

19.(m/c) After the breakdown of colonialism, the U.S. sought to reorganize the global power structure. Which of the following is (are) true about the Grand Strategy?

a. It involved undermining emerging democracies and replacing them with friendly dictators.

b. It involved attempting to restore former colonies seeking independence to their colonial masters.

c. It involved directing the resources of the third world to the first world d. a and c e. all of above

20.(m/c) The global power structure consists of all of the following EXCEPT:

a. Multi-National Corporations b. WTO c. United Nations

d. U.S. military and national militaries e. none are exceptions

21.(m/c) Iran and Guatemala have which of the following in common?

a. they established democracies after the breakdown of colonialism.

b. the democratic leaders initiated policies that benefited the people.

c. the U.S. overthrew their governments and established dictatorships. d. a and c e. all of above

22.(t/f) In the neo-colonial system, large militaries are, and will continue to be, necessary in Third World countries to protect those countries from invasions by their neighbors.

23.(m/c) All of the following are the real goals of MNCs and First world governments EXCEPT:

a. access to cheap natural resources b. access to cheap labor

c. open markets for their products d. increased social services for the poor e. none are exceptions

24.(t/f) With neocolonialism, the primary means by which power is exercised is the creation of economic dependency through IMF and World Bank loans that put countries in debt.

25.(m/c) Structural adjustment plans demand all of the following EXCEPT:

a. privatization of profitable national industries b. privatization of government services

c. increased use of tariffs d. agriculture produced for export e. none are exceptions

26.(m/c) Structural adjustment plans have forced half of the world’s population from rural to urban areas. This has made these migrant populations more vulnerable to all of the following EXCEPT:

a. natural disasters b. fires c. toxic pollution d. disease from contaminated water e. none are exceptions

27.(t/f) Export processing zones, also known as free zones, benefit the people of the country in which they are located because they create jobs and increase tax revenue that can be used to modernize the country’s infrastructure.

28.(m/c) All of the following are ways that have been or are being used to control poorer nations EXCEPT:

a. ideological control: global corporate mass media, including “news,” advertising, and entertainment.

b. instituting democracy to get wide popular participation.

c. state violence directed at domestic populations that are resisting globalization.

d. corporate-sponsored violence like Shell in Nigeria. e. none are exceptions

29,(t/f) According to Chomsky, Western European countries and South Korea, Taiwan and Japan,

all followed the basic rules of neoliberalism on their paths to successful development.

30.(m/c) According to Chomsky, which of the following is (are) true about neoliberalism?

a. the architects of neoliberal policy are large multi-national corporations.

b. threats to neoliberal policies and practices are countries whose governments are

responsive to the needs of their people.

c. the neoliberal understanding of “global stability” is making sure that the wealth and

power of the rich and corporations are not threatened. d. a and b e. all of above

31.(m/c) According to Chomsky, all of the following are basic rules of neoliberalism EXCEPT:

a. liberalize trade and finance b. expand social services c. privatization

d. no government intervention in the market e. none are exceptions

32.(m/c) According to Chomsky, the ideology that put profit over people began more than two hundred years ago when England instituted the Permanent Settlement in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. Brazil b. India c. Australia d. South Africa e. Haiti

33..(t/f) According to Chomsky, since WWII, the U.S. has violated free market doctrine

by heavily subsidizing its major industries, primarily through the Defense Department.

34.(m/c) According to the Economic Charter of the Americas, which of the following are true about the relation of the U.S. to Latin American countries.

a. U.S. policy should have as a goal bringing a higher standard of living to Latin Americans.

b. The resources of Latin America should benefit U.S. investors.

c. Latin American countries have a service function, first and foremost they exist to

serve U.S. economic interests. d. b and c e. all of above

35.(t/f) According to Klein, the first type of shock in Chile was economic, created primarily by the U.S.

36.(m/c) According to Klein, Friedman chose Chile for all of the following reasons EXCEPT:

a. the people were susceptible to his “therapy” after a series of shocks.

b. he had established ties with economists in the country through a scholarship program.

c. the new military dictatorship was sympathetic to Friedman’s free market theory.

d. he believed that there would be no violence. e. none are exceptions

37.(m/c) The long term effects of shock therapy in Chile which made Pinochet move away from the Chicago model were all of the following EXCEPT:

a. hyperinflation b. extreme inequality c. increasing poverty d. domestic companies being forced out of business e. none are exceptions

38.(m/c) All of the following governments that engaged in shock therapy used violence as a means to create or deepen shock EXCEPT:

a. Chile b. Argentina c. Brazil d. Uruguay e. none are exceptions

39.(m/c) According to Klein, the murder and torture of thousands of people in the countries of the southern cone was justified by those in power in which of the following ways?

a. they were labeled as Marxist terrorists.

b. they were demonized, an evil that needed to be eradicated.

c. they were an existential threat to the nation. d. a and b e. all of above

40.(m/c) Which of the following conclusions can be drawn from Klein’s argument?

a. free market capitalism could not have spread in Latin America without U.S. intervention.

b. evidence supports the conclusion that people in countries throughout the world have willingly embraced free market principles.

c. the main way that free market capitalism was imposed in Latin America was through violence. d. a and c e. all of above

41.(m/c) According to Roy, all of the following were the conditions placed on the loan India received from the IMF EXCEPT:

a. structural adjustment b. economic reform c. need to guarantee rights to the tribal peoples

d. power to the IMF to name the country's economic minister e. none are exceptions

42.(m/c) Which of the following are examples of the Indian democracy being a corporate democracy?

a. it is controlled by a few oligarchs and the largest corporations.

b. a revolving door guarantees that the governing elite are in powerful positions in every branch of the government.

c. the laws that were passed to protect the tribal peoples and the poor are ignored by the government to the benefit of corporations. d. a and b e. all of above

43.(m/c) According to Roy, all of the following are examples of extreme inequality in India EXCEPT:

a. there are more poor in India than in all sub-Saharan African countries.

b. the majority of the Indian workforce is employed in the informational technology sector of the economy.

c. approximately one hundred Indians have wealth greater than the bottom half of the Indian population.

d. hundreds of thousands of farmers have committed suicide because of the negative impact of economic reform on agriculture .e. none are exceptions

44.(m/c) According to Roy, who are the people that are called "the biggest internal threat to Indian security"?

a. Tribal people who have lived on the land long before India was India.

b. People with a completely different world view, nature cannot be bought and sold.

c. People who have been forced from their homes, their villages have been destroyed, and their family and friends have been raped and/or murdered. d. a and b e. all of above

45.(m/c) Which of the following are characteristics of the war against the people, the "Green Hunt"?.

a. media demonization of the victims of the war, the tribal people and the poor.

b. military battalions, and paramilitary and special police sent to kill or forcibly remove the tribal people.

c. Armed Forces Special Powers Act, which allows non-commissioned officers to kill on suspicion.

d. a and b e. all of above

46.(m/c) According to Roy, the mining operations will destroy the environment in all of the following ways EXCEPT:

a. mountains will be destroyed. b. forests will be destroyed c. rivers and creeks will be polluted

d. toxic pools of red mud will pollute the land e. none are exceptions

47.(m/c) According to Roy, dams are needed to supply power for the mining operations, but they have which of the following negative impacts?

a. the dams flood villages and land b. the dams have created millions of homeless

c. the dams destroy ecosystems and the livelihoods of villagers below them

d. a and b e. all of above

48.(t/f) According to Roy, a significant negative legacy of British colonialism in India is the Indian Constitution which gave the Indian government trusteeship of the tribal people’s land.

49.(m/c) Even though the lands of the tribal peoples are supposedly protected, they are given to corporations in which of the following ways?

a. through eminent domain b. by secret Memoranda of Understanding (MoUs)

c. by illegal land transfers d. a and c e. all of above

50.(m/c)According to Roy, what are the reasons the Indian government is waging war on the tribal peoples?

a. the tribal people are backward b. to get the tribal people's resources

c. to destroy an alternative world view. d. b and c e. all of above